REMARKS

Claims 1-14, 21 and 22 are pending in the present application. The Examiner has rejected claims 1-14, 21 and 22 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as obvious based on a combination of journal articles to Kaur et al. and van Breemen et al. Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections by the Examiner based on the remarks presented herein.

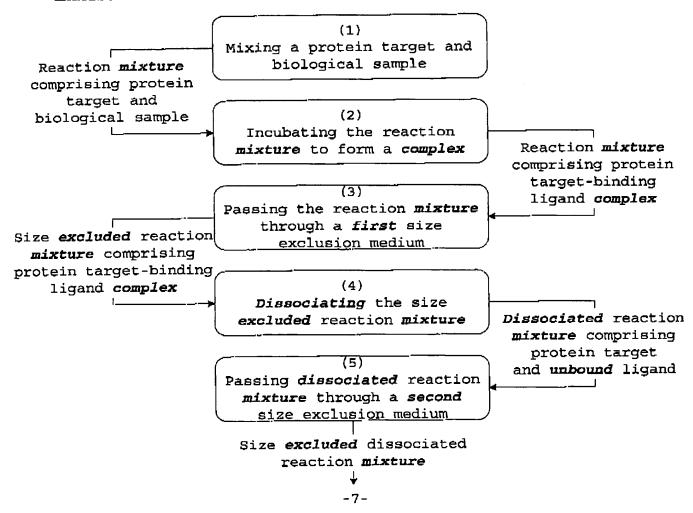
Outstanding Claim Rejections 35 U.S.C. § 103

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-14, 21 and 22 as obvious based on a combination of journal articles to Kaur et al. and van Breemen et al. The Examiner has asserted that Kaur et al. teach each of the limitations of the claimed method without reference to a second size exclusion medium as required by the pending claims. The Examiner has contended that van Breemen et al. disclose pulsed ultrafiltration-mass spectrometry that can be used as a substitute for the mass spectrometry of Kaur et al. such that a combination of the references provides a second size exclusion medium. Applicants respectfully disagree with the contentions of the Examiner and the characterizations of the teachings in Kaur et al. and van Breemen et al. Applicants particularly submit that van Breemen et al. do not teach pulsed ultrafiltration-mass spectrometry that acts as a second size exclusion medium.

Applicants indicate that van Breemen et al. suggest pulsed ultrafiltration-mass spectrometry in which ultrafiltration of a ligand-receptor complex is performed. The ultrafiltration taught by van Breemen et al. also occurs prior to any dissociation of the ligand-receptor complex. A teaching that discloses performing ultrafiltration of a complex prior to its dissociation cannot be

applied to render the second size exclusion medium limitation of the claimed method obvious. Applicants also contend that such a teaching cannot be properly combined with Kaur et al. to establish a prima facie basis for the obviousness of the pending claims.

Applicants maintain that the claimed method requires passing a reaction mixture or complex through a first size exclusion medium and subjecting the size excluded reaction mixture to dissociation prior to passing the dissociated mixture through a second size exclusion medium. A diagram of the claimed method underscores the breadth of the pending claims.



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The diagram clearly indicates a method in which a protein target-binding ligand complex is introduced to (3) a first size exclusion medium. The first size exclusion medium operates to exclude material that does not comprise the complex. The complex is thereafter (4) dissociated to comprise the protein target and unbound ligand. The dissociated protein target and unbound ligand are subjected to (5) a second size exclusion medium that excludes molecules that are larger than a preset value. The diagram also identifies the yield or product from performing each of the stages and providing such to a latter stage.

In comparison, the journal article to van Breemen et al. teaches separating a ligand-receptor complex from unbound material by ultrafiltration and dissociating the isolated complex after the separation. The dissociated complex is then passed onto a mass spectrometer. The article does not mention an exclusion or separation of the dissociated mixture comprising the receptor and unbound ligand. The journal article also does not disclose isolating molecules in the dissociated receptor and unbound ligand mixture prior to analysis via a mass spectrometer or related method. Thus, an individual of ordinary skill in the art would understand that combining the teachings of Kaur et al. with van Breemen et al. cannot render the claimed method obvious.

Applicants have identified the specific teachings in van Breemen et al. that elucidate a proper interpretation of the journal article to assist in examination of the application.

Journal Article Disclosure			Journal Article Citation					
Ligand-recepto	or complexes	were	First	paragraph	of	page	2159	at
purified by	ultrafiltration	and	approx	cimately 1	ine	10 in	colum	n 1

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then dissociated using methanol	with emphasis added
to elute the ligands	
Based on an extension of our	Second paragraph of page 2159 at
method for pulse ultrafiltration	approximately line 8 in column 2
measurement of affinity constants	with emphasis added
for ligand-receptor bonding	
A preliminary report on the use	Second paragraph of page 2160 at
of pulsed ultrafiltration mass	approximately line 18 in column 1
spectrometry for the measurement	with emphasis added
of classical equilibrium binding	
constants	
The mobile phase was changed to	Fifth paragraph of page 2160 at
methanol-water to dissociate the	approximately line 40 in column 2
enzyme-ligand complex and thereby	with emphasis added
release the bound ligands for	
identification by electrospray	
mass spectroscopy	
Bound ligands were eluted into	Sixth paragraph of page 2160 at
the mass spectrometer	approximately line 52 in column 2
	with emphasis added
Bound EHNA was released into the	First paragraph of page 2161 at
mass spectrometer by eluting the	approximately line 10 in column 1
[ultrafiltration] chamber using	with emphasis added
methanol in water	
During pulsed ultrafiltration,	Second paragraph of page 2161 at
ligand-receptor complexes remain	approximately line 30 in column 1
in solution in the chamber while	with emphasis added
unbound compound are washed away	
The ligand-receptor complex is	Second paragraph of page 2161 at

released to the mass spectrometer with emphasis added

After infusion of a dilution first paragraph of page 2162 at solution of the compounds through a ultrafiltration chamber bound ligands were released into the mass spectrometer

Methanol was introduced into the mobile phase to dissociate the enzyme-ligand complex and release bound ligands for identification by electrospray mass spectrometry

The teachings clearly evidence that van Breemen et al. discloses ultrafiltration methods that are used to exclude ligand-receptor complexes from unbound material. The journal article does not suggest performing an ultrafiltration or exclusion of a complex that has been dissociated into a receptor and an unbound ligand as required by the claimed method.

An individual of ordinary skill in the art would only be motivated to substitute the first size exclusion medium disclosed by Kaur et al. with the ultrafiltration method taught by van Breemen et al. This substitution is practical as the first size exclusion medium described in Kaur et al. is specifically used to exclude ligand-receptor complexes from unbound material just as the ultrafiltration disclosure of van Breemen et al. A motivation is not present that would suggest to an individual within the art to use the ultrafiltration method of van Breemen et al. to separate a dissociated mixture comprising a receptor and an

unbound ligand as the journal article is entirely unrelated to excluding molecules from a dissociated receptor and unbound ligand mixture prior to analysis via a mass spectrometry or related method.

The patent laws require that each limitation of the claims under consideration be disclosed in a reference(s) in order to establish a prima facie basis for obviousness. Applicants have demonstrated that a combination of the cited journal articles does not describe using a second size exclusion medium to exclude a complex that has been dissociated into a receptor and an unbound ligand as required by the claimed method. The journal articles plainly do not disclose a limitation regarding a second size medium. The articles also do not teach each of the limitations of the method as arranged in the pending claims. The pending claims particularly require dissociation of the protein-target binding ligand complex prior to subjecting the dissociated mixture to a The arrangement of limitations second size exclusion medium. recited in the claimed method are provided to perform the The journal articles cited by the Examiner are not invention. capable of performing the invention as arranged in the claims.

The patent laws have also settled that a reference(s) cannot be interpreted in a manner that would obviate the advantages that it discloses or teaches. Applicants contend that the Examiner has not fully considered the advantages of pulsed ultrafiltration-mass spectrometry as suggested by van Breemen et al. The journal article to van Breemen et al. distinctly characterizes the advantages of performing ultrafiltration of ligand-receptor complexes then dissociating the excluded complexes prior to analysis via a mass spectrometer. These advantages also

underscore the experimental concepts presented by van Breemen et al. The Examiner has avoided the plain teachings of these advantages in applying van Breemen et al. to render the claimed method obvious.

Exclusion medium to exclude a complex that has been dissociated into a receptor and an unbound ligand. The journals articles to Kaur et al. and van Breemen et al. each disclose subjecting a ligand-receptor complex to a size exclusion medium to exclude unbound material and then dissociating the complexes prior to analysis via a mass spectrometer. The articles do not suggest or mention using a second size exclusion medium that would exclude molecules that are present in the dissociated receptor and unbound ligand mixture prior to an analysis via a mass spectrometer or related method. Thus, Applicants submit that the rejections by the Examiner have been overcome as claims 1-14, 21 and 22 are not obvious based on Kaur et al. in view of van Breemen et al.

New Claim Rejections 35 U.S.C. § 102

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-5, 13, 14, 21 and 22 as anticipated by International Publication No. WO 97/01755 to Jindal et al. The Examiner has asserted that Jindal et al. teach each of the limitations of the claimed method. Applicants respectfully submit that Jindal et al. do not disclose passing a reaction mixture or complex through a first size exclusion medium and subjecting the size excluded reaction mixture to dissociation prior to passing the dissociated mixture through a second size exclusion medium as required by claim 1. The reference merely

که امید موجود از انتهای با در مستور و از این مستور از این مستور و برای است میشود. از این به از این مستور از این

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teaches a method for screening a sample to select a ligand to a target of interest.

The target-ligand complex taught by Jindal et al. might also be separated from unbound components using a first and second size exclusion means. The reference, however, clearly does not disclose dissociation of a complex prior to passing the dissociated mixture through a second size exclusion medium. The Examiner has suggested that the mention of "complex dissociates" by Jindal et al. anticipates subjecting the size-excluded reaction mixture of claim 1 to conditions promoting dissociation of the complex prior to subjecting the dissociated mixture to a second size exclusion medium. Applicants underscore that the teaching of complex dissociates by Jindal et al. was only in regard to the selection of a peptide library.

The peptide library taught by Jindal et al. is not involved in any sort of method that would anticipate claim 1. Specifically, the passing reference to selecting a peptide library as a theoretical basis for screening does not anticipate a method in which a dissociated protein target and unbound ligand are subjected to a second size exclusion medium. Jindal et al. is completely silent with regard to dissociation of a complex prior to passing the dissociated mixture through a second size exclusion medium as required by claim 1. The patent laws, however, require that an individual reference disclose each limitation of the claims under consideration for anticipation. Thus, Applicants submit that Jindal et al. do not anticipate the claimed method.

New Claim Rejections 35 U.S.C. § 103

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-14 21 and 22 as obvious based on International Publication No. WO 97/01755 to Jindal et

al. in view of several other references. The Examiner has asserted that the references in combination teach each of the limitations of the claimed method. Applicants respectfully submit, however, that Jindal et al. do not disclose passing a reaction mixture or complex through a first size exclusion medium and subjecting the size excluded reaction mixture to dissociation prior to passing the dissociated mixture through a second size exclusion medium as required by claim 1. The reference merely teaches a method for screening a sample to select a ligand to a target of interest.

The target-ligand complex taught by Jindal et al. might also be separated from unbound components using a first and second size exclusion means. The reference does not disclose dissociation of a complex prior to passing the dissociated mixture through a second size exclusion medium. The Examiner has suggested that the mention of "complex dissociates" by Jindal et al. renders obvious subjecting the size-excluded reaction mixture of claim 1 to conditions promoting dissociation of the complex prior to subjecting the dissociated mixture to a second size exclusion medium. Applicants underscore that the teaching of complex dissociates by Jindal et al. was only in regard to the selection of a peptide library.

The peptide library taught by Jindal et al. is not involved in any sort of method that would render claim 1 obvious. Specifically, the passing reference to selecting a peptide library as a theoretical basis for screening does not render obvious a method in which a dissociated protein target and unbound ligand are subjected to a second size exclusion medium. Jindal et al. is completely silent with regard to dissociation of a complex prior to passing the dissociated mixture through a second size exclusion medium as required by claim 1. The other references cited by the Examiner

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also wholly fail to overcome the deficiencies of Jindal et al. Thus, Applicants submit that Jindal et al. do not render the claimed method obvious.

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CONCLUSION

Based on the remarks presented herein, reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections by the Examiner and allowance of the application with the pending claims are respectfully requested.

The Examiner is encouraged to telephone the undersigned attorney to discuss any matter that would expedite allowance of the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

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